

## "Winter Performance Measures (Metrics)"

Presented by:

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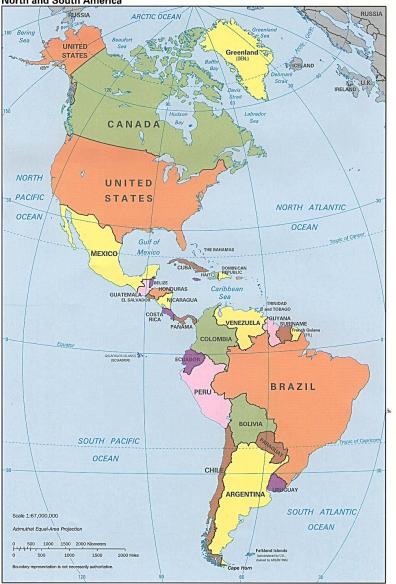








North and South America



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Minnesota: east of the Mississippi river acquired from England... west of the Mississippi was purchased from France





Minnesota: North Latitude, from  $43^{\circ}$  to  $49^{\circ}$  - equal to northern Italy



## Minnesota Vikings



May be recognized by its professional football team – Minnesota Vikings... not soccer



State of Minnesota Overview

- North Latitude, from 43° to 49°
- Area: 225,181 km<sup>2</sup> (643 km by 402 km)
- Minnesota is the 12<sup>th</sup> largest state in the USA
- Population: 5,500,000 (2015 est.)
- Minnesota is the 21st most populous state in the USA
- "Land of 10,000 Lakes" 11,842 lakes over 4 hectares:
- 6,564 rivers and streams totaling 148,000 km

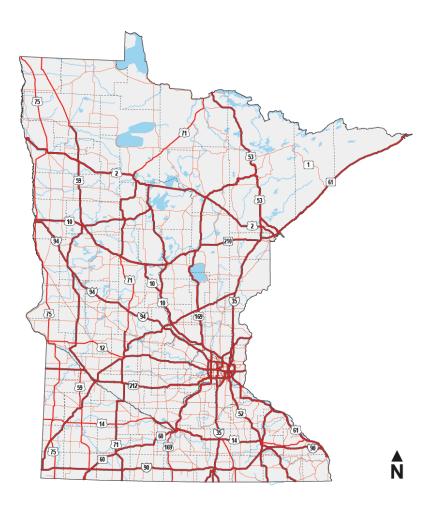


## Minnesota - some fun factoids

- Home to the Mall of America almost 900,000 sq. meters of shopping... and general winter relief
- Boasts 145,000 km of shoreline more than California, Florida and Hawaii combined
- Minnesota has one recreational boat per every six people, more than any other state
- Home of the Mayo Clinic a great place to get sick
- Birth place of Judy Garland, Bob Dylan and Prince Rogers Nelson all singers
- And responsible for Jesse Ventura wrestler, entertainer and elected governor



Minnesota:



Major highway layout



Minnesota Department of Transportation Overview

Three road agencies - State, County and City

State Roads: 19,312 centerline\*km or 46,671 lane\*km

State Bridges: over 4700 (state system)

Approximately 5000 State government employees

**Overall Maintenance and Operations Spending (USD):** 

2012 - \$240M 2013 - \$327M 2014 - \$309M 2015 - \$313M 2016 - \$292M 5 -year average = \$300M



Minnesota Department of Transportation Overview Winter Weather and Spending

- January in Minneapolis : -5° C average high; -14° C average low
- Average high temperature from December through February does not get above freezing (0 ° C)
- Snowfall Minneapolis: 60 to 230 cm
- Winter Spending (USD):
  2011/12 \$62M
  2012/13 \$112M
  2013/14 \$136M
  2014/15 \$88M
  2015/16 \$94M
  5 year average = \$98M



Winter spending is about 33 percent of overall maintenance spending



Minnesota Department of Transportation Overview Labor, Equipment and Materials (Winter Resources)

1747 Snowfighters with a Certified Drivers License

800 Snow Plows – Singles and Tandems (50/50)

5 year average material usage:

Salt:	191,000 metric tons
Sand:	41,000 metric tons
Salt Brine:	10 million liters



Winter maintenance completely provided with internal staff - state government employee



Performance Reporting Maintenance Performance Measures and Targets

Driven by Customer Survey Efforts:

- 1. Omnibus (annual department performance reporting)
- 2. Business Planning (overall maintenance performance)
- 3. Winter Service (bare lane snow and performance)



Three distinct areas of market research/customer focus Winter Service customer survey effort used to develop winter performance measure



#### Winter Performance Measure

Two key market research efforts developed our snow and ice performance measures and targets; and verified our direction:

1999 - established our measure and set targets levels

2007 - verified what we learned previously





Winter Performance Measure Bare Pavement Survey – 1999

- Initiated in 1999 with market research
- 1100 participants our customers
- Utilized videos depicting scenarios
- Measured how various levels of winter service impact the customer's willingness to drive.
- Identified perceived acceptability for various levels of service.



This market research effort lead to changing our goal from "bare pavement" to "bare lane"



Winter Performance Measure Bare Lane Survey – 2007

Customers recruited at 12 locations across that state

Videos where again shown and customers were asked to complete a questionnaire – 780 total interviews

In addition, some people pre-selected to stay for a follow up focus group discussion



Verified previous market research/decisions – targets did not change

Bare Lane Customer Survey (snow and ice focus)

How the Customer was involved - authentic views



Interstate super commuter



4-Lane urban/rural



2-lane non-town rural, primary or secondary



2-lane town rural/primary



2-lane non-town Snow covered & compacted



4-Lane 1-2 Intermittent wheel paths



## Winter Maintenance Performance Measures and Targets

#### Measure: Regain Time

All driving lanes are 95% free of snow and ice between the outer edges of the wheel paths and have less than 1 inch of accumulation on the center of the roadway.

Target: A set time in hours

Measured from the end of the event to when the bare lane condition is gained

Five targets based traffic volumes (average daily traffic) Recorded (performance) by the plow operators

Event: A winter weather occurrence, that consumes resources necessary to prevent, minimize or regain the loss of bare lanes



This is the measure (goal) of our snow and ice control operation



Bare between the wheel paths



#### These are the targets for our measure

Average Daily Traffic	Regain Time (in hours)
30,000 < ADT	0 – 3
10,000 – 30,000	2 – 5
2,000 - 10,000	4 - 9
800 – 2,000	6 - 12
ADT < 800	9 - 36

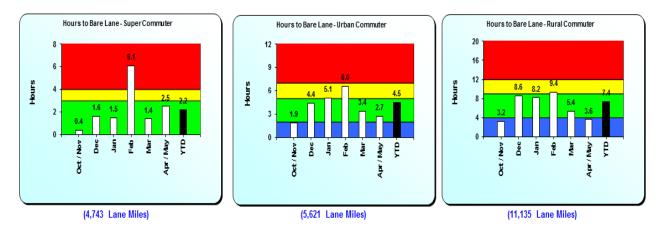
Five classes/categories based on average daily traffic (ADT)

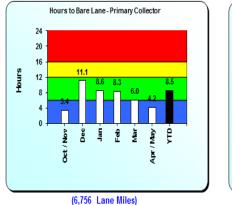
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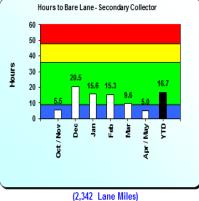


Maintenance: Snow & Ice Hours to Bare Lane -**Statewide** Winter 2013 - 2014 July 1, 2013 to Apr 30, 2014





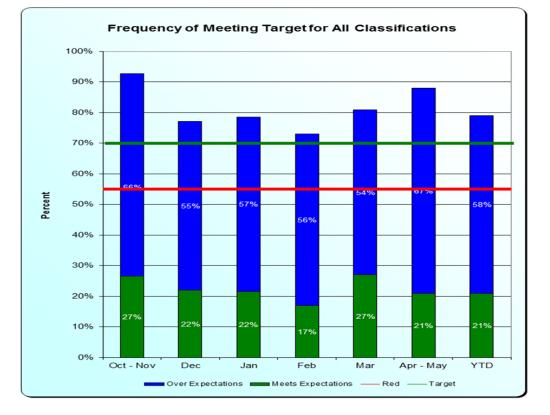






#### Maintenance: Snow & Ice Removal Statewide Winter 2013 - 2014

July 1, 2013 to Apr 30, 2014



Roll up Performance Measure – for Governor Scorecard

Our performance goal will be achieved if we meet or exceed the target of 70%



Lessons learned in developing the measure

Combination of art and science "Get professional help" – set the context ("can not get enough safety") Look at what others are doing Subject matter experts (us) - sets the measure Customer (them) - sets the target (within context - safety) How are you going to use the measure: Managing... Lead Measure Reporting... Lag Measure Measuring takes effort... needs to be sustainable

"If you are not measuring, you are not managing"



Lessons learned in using the measure

Senior Staff reporting Legislative reporting Public interest/reporting Lean against our Target in difficult times - "customer developed" Difficult to manage if it is a Lag Measure - ultimately it is more informational Governor's Scorecard



#### Lead Measures versus Lag Measures

What's on the scale (lag) vs What's in your mouth (lead) Outcomes = tend to be lag measures Inputs/Outputs = tend to be lead measures

Examples: Input = number of plows on the road - lead Output = miles of road plowed Outcome = "bare lanes" - lag

Lag Measure - gets attention Lead Measure - gets action

While outcome is the purpose or goal, it is too late to manage at that point



## So what is next?





## Snow Fighter Simulator Training





#### One mobile training simulator (trailer) and one fixed training simulator (office)



## Tow Plow





# Road Weather information System (RWIS)





- RWIS is an automated information system that collects, processes and distributes current and forecasted weather and road surface information.
- This system allows field and office maintenance staff to use weather information for timely and cost-effective operations.
- RWIS data is used throughout the year in support of traveler information system, herbicide applications, pavement marking, incident management, and timing of maintenance and construction activities.
- But it is about the winter... RWIS data is utilized by maintenance staff to support and make winter service decisions such as weather forecasting and winter chemical application recommendations.



#### Current Road Weather information System Sites







## Maintenance Decision Support System (MDSS)

MDSS brings in data on current road and weather conditions obtained using RWIS and other weather collection sources

Data is ingested into various road weather forecasting models

The models then supply data to a Road Condition and Treatment Module:

Road Temperature prediction Model

Chemical Concentration algorithms

Rules of Practice for anti-icing and Deicing, operation practices

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This results in road weather predictions and ultimately plow route specific treatment recommendations



#### MDSS – on the snow plow truck dashboard



In-cab display screen of Mobile Data Computer – MDSS/AVL



#### MDSS – a closer look at the screen



Main screen on Mobile Data Computer - MDSS/AVL



